





SOUTH AMERICA NATURAL ENVIRONMENT

Landforms

stretch along entire

Pacific coast

- Created by (Ring of Fire)
- Frequent
- —massive fresh water lake that lies within the Andes
- Home of Angel Falls (world's waterfall; almost high)



Landforms

- Center of South America covered by
 - Llanos in the north
 - Amazon River Basin around the Amazon River
 - Gran Chaco in the center of the continent
 - Grassland in Argentina called
 - Patagonia on the southern end
- Atlantic coast has highlands formed from

- Guiana Highlands in north
- Brazilian Highlands in center

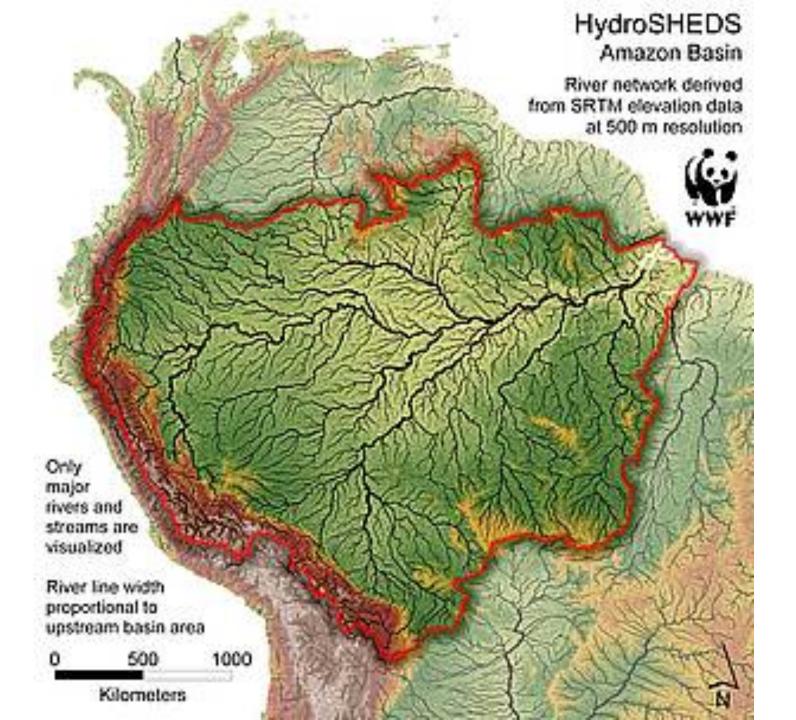
South America Landforms



Rivers

- 3 major river systems:
 - in the north
 - -Amazon in the middle
 - World's river (not longest)
 - Sea-worthy ships can sail up it to
 - in the south





Climates, Plants, and Animals

 Amazon River Basin is home to the world's largest

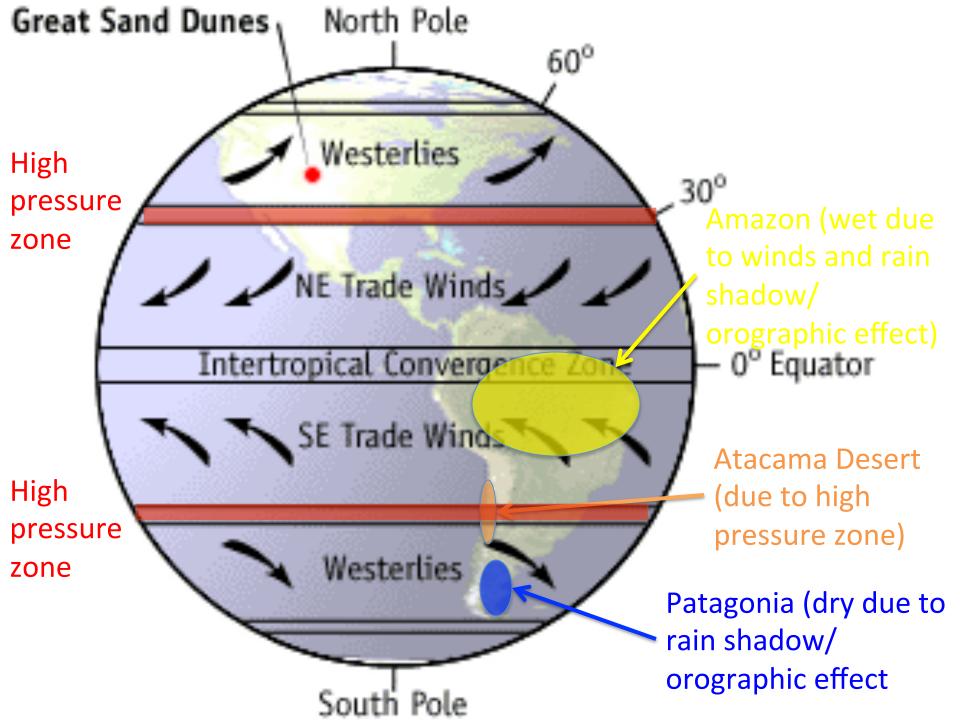
Greatest on Earth

New are discovered often

- Elevation of the Andes creates 5 different climate zones
 - Hot and humid at sea level
 - Ice-covered peaks above
 - Line of elevation above which trees
- Most other areas have distinct wet and dry seasons

Climates, Plants, and Animals

- and dictate the climates of South America
 - Andes create a rain in southern
 Argentina causing the Pampas to be so dry
 - in Chile is one of the driest places on Earth
 - Created by high pressure and
 - West coast of continent is affected by the El Nino/ La Nina weather patterns
 - El Nino—Pacific becomes warmer causing
 - La Nina—Pacific cools causing



Natural Resources

Many rivers are dammed for and

- Amazon Rainforest
 - from the trees
 - Nuts and medicinal plants
- Mineral deposits
 - in Brazil and Colombia
 - Copper in
 - , mostly in Venezuela (member of