

**KINGDOMS AND TRADING STATES OF AFRICA**

**Section 3 Quiz**

**A. Terms, People, and Places**

Fill in the blank in each sentence with the letter of a word, name, or phrase from the box. Not all the words in the box will be used. Each answer can be used only once.

- |           |                  |                   |
|-----------|------------------|-------------------|
| a. Axum   | c. Ethiopia      | e. Swahili        |
| b. Adulis | d. King Lalibela | f. Great Zimbabwe |

- In the 1200s, \_\_\_\_\_ built 11 stone churches.
- In East Africa, \_\_\_\_\_ was both a culture and a language.
- The kings of \_\_\_\_\_ claimed descent from the Israelite king Solomon.
- The ruins of \_\_\_\_\_ consist of massive stone walls and towers.
- The main port of Axum was the Red Sea city of \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Main Ideas**

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Axum's important triangular trade linked
  - Africa, India, and the Mediterranean world.
  - India, Arabia, and West Africa.
  - Rome, Egypt, and Ethiopia.
  - the Red Sea, Mediterranean Sea, and Arabian Sea.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. One of the reasons Ethiopia maintained its independence was its
  - strong constitution.
  - strong sailing fleet.
  - Christian unity.
  - rich resources.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. What factor enabled ships to sail between India and Africa?
  - high tides
  - wide rivers
  - monsoon winds
  - protected coastlines
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. The successful East African international trade system
  - only benefited the merchants.
  - helped rulers build strong city-states.
  - created bitter rivalries between the city-states.
  - led to the rise of Christianity in Axum.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Great Zimbabwe probably declined due to
  - a series of earthquakes.
  - invaders from China.
  - a long famine.
  - civil war and dwindling trade.